# Math Department





**Grade 4** 

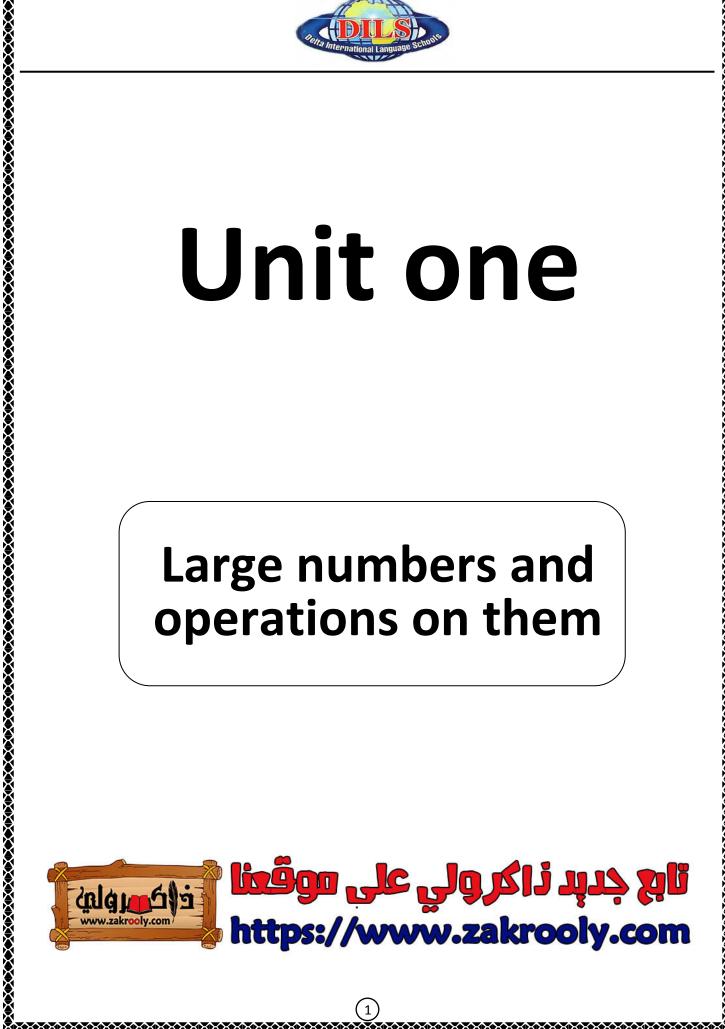
First term 2017-2018

Class: 4/.....



# Unit one

Large numbers and operations on them





# Large numbers "Hundred thousands, Millions and Milliards"

1) Write the following n	umbers in words:
a) 638 194 :	
2) Write the following n	umbers in digits:
a) Nine hundred sixty	four thousand, five hundred and ninety-three
b) Seven hundred twe	nty thousand, and eight:
c) Thirty million, nine	hundred fifty one thousand:
d) Five milliard , sixtee	n million, four hundred and eighty-three
:	
3) Complete:	
a) Million+ T	housand + = 70 947 013
b) Twenty four millio	n, thirty one thousand and five =
c) The greatest numb	per formed from 9 , 7 , 1 , 0 , 6 , 8 and 5 is
d) The place value of	7 in 357 040 210 is
e) Seven hundred the	ousand and four is written as
f) 100 000 is just after	er
g) 800 600 400 <	< 800 700 300
h) 170 000, 180 000	, 190 000 ,
i) One milliard =	millions = thousands
j) 500 000 + 200 + 3 = .	
k) = 50 r	million + 72 thousand + 278



	Pana International Language Schools
I)	) $\frac{1}{2}$ million =
n	$n)\frac{1}{4}$ million =
n	$\frac{3}{4}$ million =
C	o) $\frac{1}{4}$ milliard =
р	o) $\frac{1}{2}$ milliard =
q	$\frac{3}{4}$ milliard =
r	) $3\frac{1}{4}$ milliard =
-, <u>-</u>	a) 37 hundred million three milliard b) The smallest 8-digit number The greatest 7-digit number c) 450 thousand, and 20 450 200 d) The value of 6 in 624 245 600 × 1000
5) <u>4</u>	Arrange the following numbers in order:
а	a) 252 379, 262 379, 225 379 and 225 397
Т	he ascending order:,,,,
b	o) 3 300 333 , 33 330 300 , 333 300 , 3 300 300
Т	he descending order:,,,,,
	Nrite suitable numbers in the rectangles according to their Places on the numbers line:  100 000  180 000  200 000



# **Operations on Large numbers**

# "Adding and subtracting large numbers"

1)	Find	•
	, , ,,,,,	

c) 3 246 239 + three hundred thousand = ......

d) 7 279 324 – 5 millions =.....

e) ...... + 7 618 149 = 10 869 183

f) 3 108 721 - ..... = 2 857 101

## 2) Story problems:

a) The ministry of health vaccinated 987 6543 children last year and 845 6783 children this year. Calculate the total number of the vaccinated children.

b) A factory produced 2987543 toys in one-year . The next year the factory produced 3267594 toys. Find the difference between the products in the two years.

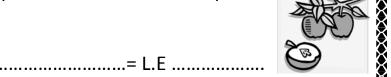
# "Multiplying a whole number by another"

# 1) Find: (with steps)

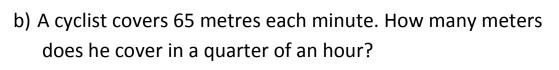
a)		5	342
_	×		3

## 2) Story problems:

a) The price of one kilogram of apples is P.T. 850. Find the price of 7 kilograms.



The price of 7 kilograms = ..... L.E ..... L.E ....





He covers = ..... = .....



# "Dividing a whole number by a 1-digit number"

Quotient Dividend

Dividend ÷ Divisor = Quotient, Remainder

Dividend = (Divisor × Quotient) + Remainder

# 1) Find: (with steps)

- a) 6 534 ÷ 2 = .....
- b)  $9\ 365 \div 5 = \dots$
- c) 6 444 ÷ 9 = .....

d)

2 5 342

f)

5 46 805

g)

3 30 249

# 2) Story problems:

a) Shahd saved L.E. 9 225 in 5 months , Calculate how much did she save in one month?

She saved = ..... = .....



b) 328 tourists want to visit the pyramids by buses. If they are divided



Into 8 buses. Find how many tourists can each bus hold?





# "Dividing a whole number by a 2-digit number"

# 1) Find: (with steps)

a)

_	
36	180

b)

37	333

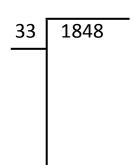
c)

29	232
	252

d)

25	1550

e)



f)

83	2656

# 3) Story problems:

a) A man bought 52 boxes of mango for L.E. 3 640. Find the price of each box.?

b) Ayaat bought a TV set for L.E. 1 660, she paid L.E. 340 and the rest was divided on 24 equal installments. Find the value of each installment?





# **Unit test**

# 1) Complete:

a) 9 451 024 300 is read as
b) The smallest different 7-digit number is
c) The million is the smallest number formed from digits
d) Ten million is the smallest number formed from digits
e) The place value of the digit 8 in 8 394 565 is and its value
is
f) 32 million, 10 thousand, 12 in digits is
g) 350 tens = hundreds
h) 3092000 = millions , thousand
i) $50 \times 40 = \dots$ Hundreds
j) $805 \times 100 = \dots \times 10$
k) Three millions, three thousands and three in digits is

I) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 million = .....

m) 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 milliard = ..... thousands

n) Dividend = ( divisor ×.....) + ......

# 2) Find the result of each of the following (with steps)

a) 
$$4803 \times 67 = \dots$$

b) 
$$4503 \times 59 = \dots$$

c) 
$$2525 \div 25 = \dots$$

d) 
$$1508 \div 36 = \dots$$



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	a) A number, if it is divided by 11 the quotient is 488 and the remainder is 4. What is this number?
	b)Eman bought 24 meters of cloth for L.E. 648 .Find the price of one meter.
	c) In a school, if 756 pupils are distributed equally on 18 classes . Find the number of pupils in each class.
Ŏ	animal world. If the price of one book is 1.1 725. I ma the
	e) Reda bought a TV set for L.E 4420 . He paid L.E 500 in cash , then he paid the rest in 28 equal installments . Find the value of each installment.
	f) Sally bought 26 meters of cloth for L.E 286. Find the price of 8 meters of the same kind?
	9



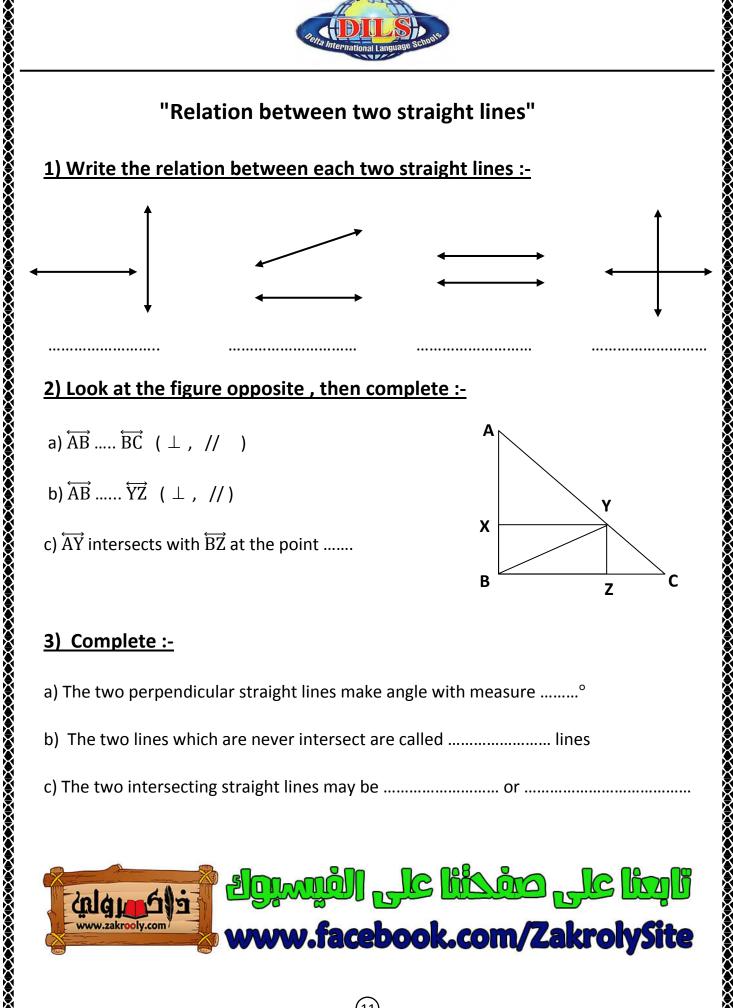
# Unit two

Geometry



# "Relation between two straight lines"

## 1) Write the relation between each two straight lines :-

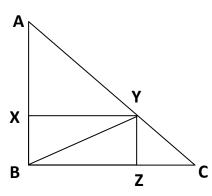


# 2) Look at the figure opposite, then complete:-

a) 
$$\overrightarrow{AB}$$
 .....  $\overrightarrow{BC}$  (  $\bot$  , // )

b) 
$$\overrightarrow{AB}$$
 ......  $\overrightarrow{YZ}$  (  $\bot$  , //)

c)  $\overrightarrow{AY}$  intersects with  $\overrightarrow{BZ}$  at the point ......



## 3) Complete:-

- a) The two perpendicular straight lines make angle with measure ........°
- b) The two lines which are never intersect are called ...... lines
- c) The two intersecting straight lines may be ...... or ...... or .......





### **Primary 4**

# "Polygons"

Delta International Language Schoo	ols	Primary 4
Maths Department	Telta International Language Schools	1 <sup>st</sup> term 2014/2015
	"Polygons"	
1) Write the name of each	figure :-	
2) Complete :-		
a) The polygon is called	d	
b) The four sides are equal in le	ength in and .	
c) The two diagonals are equal	in length in a	nd
d) The two opposite sides are p	parallel in	,,
and		
e) The quadrilateral which has	only two parallel sides is	5
f) The two diagonals are perpe	ndicular in an	d
g) The polygon which has five s		
sides is called heptagon		5
h) The four angles are right in .	,	<b></b>



**3) Draw** the rectangle XYZL in which its two dimensions are 5 cm and 3 cm ,then complete:-

b) 
$$\overline{XY}$$
 // ..... and  $\overline{XY} \perp$  .....

c) 
$$\overline{YZ}$$
 // ..... and  $\overline{YZ}$   $\bot$  .....



# " The Triangle "

	DILS Schools Schools
	" The Triangle "
<u>1)</u>	Complete :-
a)	The Triangle is a polygon with sides , angles and vertices
b)	The sum of the interior angles of any triangle =°
c)	The types of the triangle according to its side lengths are,
	and
d)	The types of the triangle according to its measures of angles are,
	and
e)	Any triangle has at least acute angles
f)	The type of The Triangle with sides lengths 7 cm , 7 cm and 6 cm is
	triangle
g)	The type of The Triangle with measures angles 75°, 30° and 75° isangled
	triangle.
h)	In The Triangle ABC, $m(\angle A) = 80^{\circ}$ , $m(\angle B) = 50^{\circ}$ Then $m(\angle C) = \dots^{\circ}$
i)	In The Triangle XYZ ,m( $\angle$ X ) = m( $\angle$ Y) = 45° Then This triangle isangled
	triangle.
2) [	<b>Draw</b> $\triangle$ ABC in which AB = 5 cm , m( $\angle$ A) = 50° and m( $\angle$ B) = 60° , then answer
	the following :-
a)	) Find m(∠ C) without using protractor
b	) Determine the type of the triangle according the length of its sides and according
to	
	the measure of its angles
	(14)



3) Draw  $\triangle$  XYZ in which DE = 8 cm , EF=6 cm and m( $\angle$ E) = 65  $^{\circ}$  , Then state the type of this triangle according to its sides length.



# **Unit test**

	nena International Language Schools
	<u>Unit test</u>
.) <u>C</u>	omplete:
a)	The polygon which has four sides is called a
b)	The polygon with six sides is called
-	The pentagon is the polygon with sides
d)	The two diagonals of the parallelogram
e)	The two diagonals of the rectangleand
f)	The two diagonals of the rhombusand
g)	The two diagonals of the square, and and
h)	The four sides are equal in length in and
i)	The measure of each angle in the rectangle = °
j)	The quadrilateral that has exactly one pair of parallel sides is called
k)	The two perpendicular straight lines make right angles
I)	The measure of each angle in an equilateral triangle°
m)	$30^{\circ}$ , $60^{\circ}$ , $90^{\circ}$ are the measure of angles of triangle.
n)	If the side lengths of a triangle are different, then the triangle is called
o)	If the two side lengths of a triangle are equal , then the triangle is called
p)	If the three side lengths of a triangle are equal, then the triangle is called
q)	If the triangle of sides 7 cm , 5 cm and 7 cm , its called
r)	The sum of the measure of the interior angles of any triangle = °
s)	In triangle ABC, m ( $\angle$ A) + m ( $\angle$ B) + m ( $\angle$ C) =
t)	The quadrilateral has diagonals
u)	The polygon which has no diagonals is
v)	The sum of the interior angls of the square (rectangle) is $^{\circ}$
	(16)



# 2) <u>Draw</u>

- a) Draw the triangle ABC in which AB = BC = 6 cm , m (  $\angle$  ABC ) =  $70^{\circ}$  . then state the type of the triangle according to its angles and its sides .
- **b)** Draw the triangle XYZ which XY = 5 cm , and m (  $\angle$ X)= 75° , m (  $\angle$ Z) = 60° , then find:
- (1) The type of the triangle according to its side lengths.
- (2) The type of the triangle according to its measures of angles.

التب ذائرولي في البحث وانض لجروبات ذائرولي من رياض الاطفال للصف الثالث الاعدادي



# Unit three

Multiples, Factors and Divisibility



	nera International Language Schools
	" Multiples "
ľ	a number is multiplied by 2, then the product is a multiple of 2
•	Since 2 × 3 = 6 then 6 is a <b>multiple</b> of 2
T	the products 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, are called multiples of 2
•	<ul> <li>The multiples of 2 are called even numbers</li> <li>Zero is a multiple of any number</li> <li>Any number is a multiple of itself</li> <li>2 × 7= 14 hence 14 is multiple of 2 and is also a multiple of 7</li> </ul>
1	) <u>Complete:</u>
а	) The multiples of 3 are :,
b	) The multiples of 5 are:,,
C	) The multiples of 12 are :,,,
2	) Choose the correct answer:
а	) The multiple of all numbers is (0,1,10,11)
b	) The multiple of 4 is (9, 16, 26, 33)
C	) 10 is the multiple of 2 and also multiple of (3,4,5,8)
C	Any even number is the multiple of (7,2,9,5)
3	) <u>Write :</u>
а	) All the multiples of 2 that are less than 15
b	) All the multiples of 5 between 4 and 44



4)	Comp	lete	with	multi	ples	of	10:
----	------	------	------	-------	------	----	-----

- a) .....< 38 < .....
- b) ...... < 79 < .....
- c) ..... < 111 < .....

# " Divisibility "

Any number is divisible by another if the remainder of the division is zero.

A whole number is divisible by 2 if the whole number is even

A whole number is divisible by 3 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 3

A whole number is divisible by 5 if its units is 0 or 5

A whole number is divisible by 10 if its units is 0

### 1) Complete:

- a) 12 is divisible by 3 because  $12 \div 3 = \dots$  and the remainder  $= \dots$
- b) 36 is not divisible by 5 because ......  $\div$  5 = ...... and the remainder =.......
- c) 132 is ...... by 10 because ......

# 2) Complete with divisible or not divisible:

- a) 13 is ..... by 2
- b) 42 is .....by 7
- c) 120 is.....by 5
- d) 325 is.....by 3



## 3) Choose the correct answer:

b) 24 is not divisible by .......... (8,2,5,3)

c)250 is not divisible by........... (5,3,2,10)

d)321 + .... is divisible by2 (0,2,4,3)

## 4) Complete:

a) The number is divisible by 10 if its units are........

b) The two numbers 12 and 21 are divisible by .......

c) All even numbers are divisible by.......

## 5) Write:

The smallest and the greatest 3-digit numbers which are divisible by 5 are ......

# " Factors "

If you know that:  $6 = 1 \times 6$  and  $6 = 2 \times 3$ 

The numbers 1, 6, 2, 3 are called factors of the number 6

1 is a factor of all numbers

2 is a factor of all even numbers



- a) The factors of 18 are :.....
- b) The factors of 24 are:....
- c) The factors of 56 are:.....

### 2) Choose the correct answer:

- b) The factor of all numbers is ...... (0,1,2)
- c) The number 7 has .......factors (2, 3, 4)

## " Prime numbers "

The prime number is a whole number that has only 2 different factors . which are 1 and the number itself.

Like: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, ...

2 is the smallest prime number.

2 is the only even prime number.

## 3) Complete with "prime number" or "non prime number":

- a) 5 is .....
- b) 13 is.....
- c) 25 is.....
- d) 99 is .....



4) Complete:					
a) The smallest odd prime number is					
b) The prime numb	er has two factorsa	and			
c) 1 is not a prime n	umber because				
5) Choose the corre	ct answer:				
a) All prime numbers	(2,3,4)				
b) The numbers 1,3	( prime , odd , even )				
c) 2 , 3 and 5 are prime factors of		(10,32,30)			
6) Factorize:					
a) 16	b) 20	c) 86			
16	20	86			
d) The prime factors	of 24 are, ,	, and			
		24			



# " Highest common factor (H.C.F) "

a) To find the H.C.F of 18 and 24:
The factors of 18 are
The factors of 24 are
The common factors of 18 and 24 are
The H.C.F of 18 and 24 is
h) Find the common factors of 8 and 16

c) Find the H.C.F of 12 and 28

d) Find the H.C.F of 10, 15, 35



# " Lowest common multiple (L.C.M) "

a) To find the L.C.M of 3 and 6:
The multiples of 3 are
The multiples of 6 are
The common multiples of 3 and 6 are
The L.C.M of 3 and 6 is
b) Find the L.C.M for the numbers 8 and 18

c) Find L.C.M of numbers 12, 24 and 36



# **Unit test**

# 1) Complete:

a)	is the common multiple of all numbers
b)	is the common factor of all numbers
c)	The prime number has only factors
d)	The number of factors of the prime number is
e)	All prime numbers are odd except
f)	The smallest prime number is
g)	The only even prim number is
h)	The smallest odd prim number is
i)	Any even number is divisible by
j)	The number is divisible by 5 if its units digit is
k)	The number 351 is divisible by
I)	Factors of 15 are , ,
m)	Prime factors of 45 are , and
n)	The number of prime factors of 12 is
o)	The smallest number divisible be 2 , 3 , 5 is
p)	The side length of a square = perimeter ÷
q)	The multiples of 6 is
r)	(0,5,10,15,25) are multiples of
s)	All the multiples of a number are divisible by

2) Find the H.C.F and L.C.M of each of 8,12 and 16



# Unit four

Measurement



# " The Length "

# Remember:

1 km = 1000 m

1 cm = 10 mm

 $1 \, dm = 10 \, cm$ 

1 m = 100 cm

- \* To convert from a larger unit of length to a smaller unit of length we multiply. ex:  $1 \text{ km} \times 1000 = 1000 \text{ m}$
- \* To convert from a smaller unit of length to a larger unit of length we divide. ex: 10 mm  $\div$  10 = 1 cm

## 1) Complete the following:

a) 7 cm = .....mm.

b) 4 cm =.....mm.

c)  $6\frac{1}{2}$  cm = .....mm.

d) 150 mm=.....cm.

e) 100 mm =..... cm.

f) 2.5 m =.....cm.

g) 50 mm =..... cm.

h) 700 mm=.....cm.

i) 1 m=.....mm.

j) 7005 mm=.....m.



Remember: To compare any measures they should all be with the same unit of length



2) Arrange the following in ascending order:					
a) 65cm , 70mm , 2m.					
b) 5dm , 35cm , 1m , 140mm.					
c) 3km , 2750m , 8000cm.					
3) Arrange the following in descending order:					
a) millimeter , decimeter , meter , centimeter					
b) 50m , 1500mm , 701cm					
c) 57dm , 13m , 1113mm , 704cm					

# " Perimeter "

# **Remember that:**

- \* The **perimeter** of any polygon is equal to the **sum** of its side lengths.
- \* Perimeter of a square = side length x 4
- \* Perimeter of a rectangle = (length + width) x 2
- \* Perimeter of a triangle = sum of all side lengths.



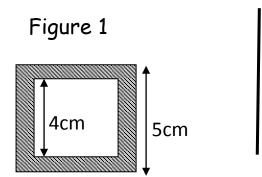
### 1) Calculate the following:

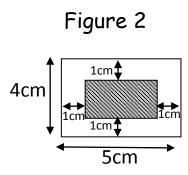
a) Perimeter of a square of side length 4 cm.	
b) Perimeter of a rectangle of dimension 40 cm, 30 cm.	
c) The side length of a square whose perimeter is 28 dm.	

**2)** If the perimeter of a rectangle is 30 cm and its width is half its length. Find the length and the width of the rectangle.

.....

**3)** Look at each of the following shapes, and then calculate the perimeter of shaded part in each of them:





Perimeter of shaded part in figure 1= .....

perimeter of shaded part in figure 2= .....



# " The Area "

### **Remember:**

- \* The **Area** is the inside space of a shape.
- \* Area of a square = side length × side length
- \* Area of rectangle = length × width

Therefore: **Length of rectangle** = Area ÷ Width

Width of rectangle = Area ÷ Length

\* The units of Area:

$$1 \text{ Km}^2 = 1000 \text{ m} \times 1000 \text{ m} = 1000 000 \text{ m}^2$$

$$1 \text{ m}^2 = 10 \text{ dm} \times 10 \text{ dm} = 100 \text{ dm}^2$$

$$1 \text{ m}^2 = 100 \text{ cm} \times 100 \text{ cm} = 10 000 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$1 \text{ dm}^2 = 10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm} = 100 \text{ cm}^2$$

## 1) Complete:

a)	The area of a	a square	whose	side	length	is 8	cm
٠. ا		<i>3.</i> 3 9 3. 3 3		0.0.0			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

b) The area of a square whose side length is 3 dm

$$A = \dots \times \dots = \dots dm^2 = \dots cm^2$$

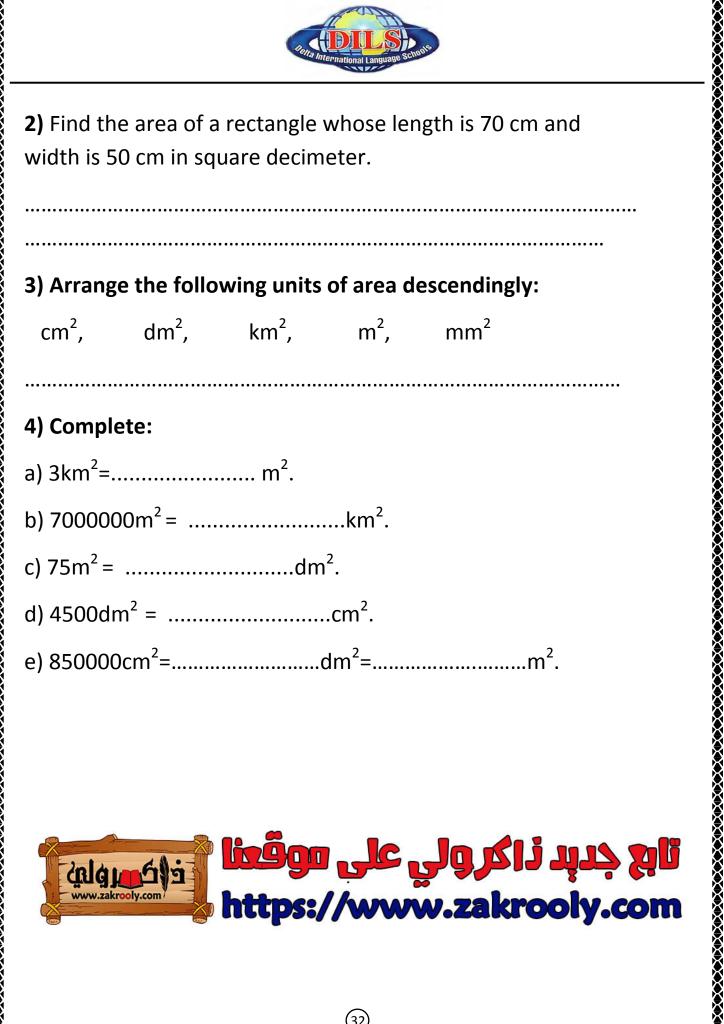
c) A square of perimeter 40 cm.

Then the side length = .....  $\div$  4 = ..... cm

And the area of this square  $= \dots \times \dots = \dots \times \dots = \dots \times \dots$ 



	50 cm in sq				
				escendingly:	• • • • • • •
cm²,	dm²,	km²,	m²,	mm²	
					• • • • • • •
4) Comp		2			
•			_		
b) 70000	00m <sup>2</sup> =		km <sup>2</sup> .		
c) 75m <sup>2</sup> =	=	dm	2.		
d) 4500d	$lm^2 =$		.cm <sup>2</sup> .		
e) 85000	0cm <sup>2</sup> =		dm²=	m	2
				ناگرولي w.zakro	
					لے را بالے





5) The opposite figure represents a rectangle of dimensions 9 cm and 7 cm. Inside it there is a square

of side length 6cm.

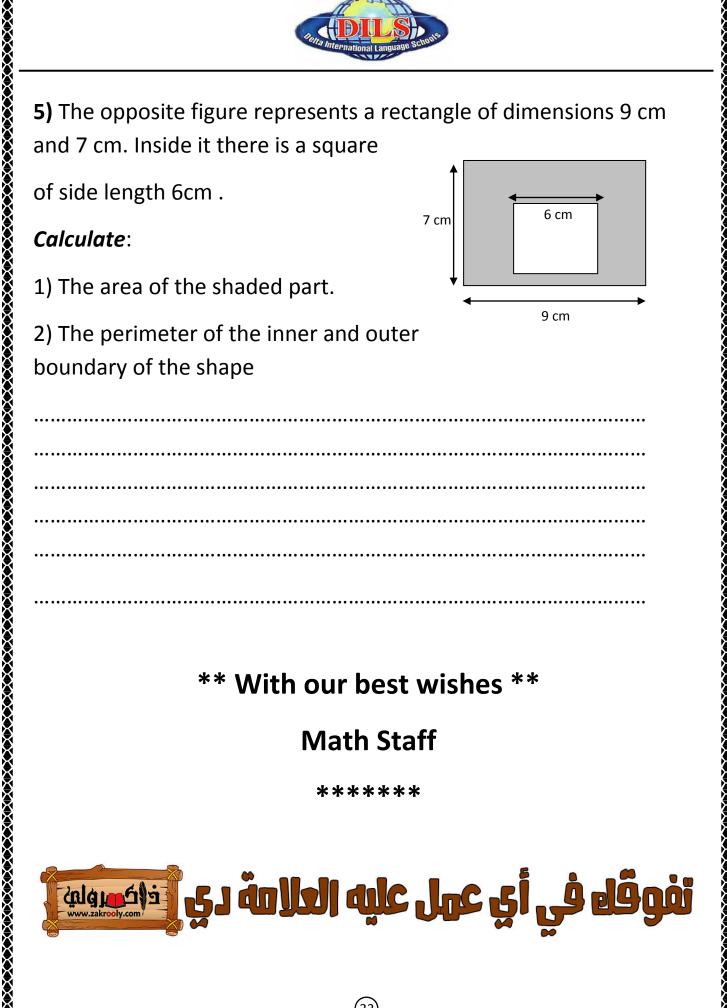
### Calculate:

- 1) The area of the shaded part.
- 2) The perimeter of the inner and outer boundary of the shape

4	<b>\</b>			
7 cm			6 cm	
•				
	•	•	0 cm	

•••••		

\*\* With our best wishes **Math Staff** 





1)	Comp	lete:

	G Hattorial Language
	<u>Unit test</u>
L)	Complete:
a)	The perimeter of the square =x
b)	The perimeter of the rectangle = ( + ) $\times$
c)	The half perimeter of rectangle = +
d)	The perimeter of the square of side length 5 cm = cm
e)	The perimeter of the rectangle with dimensions 6 cm and 4 cm =
	dm
)	The side length of a square whose perimeter is 28 cm is cm
g)	The area of square = ×
n)	The area of rectangle = ×
i)	2 dm = cm , 50 cm = dm , 8 km = m , 90 m
	= dm
i)	260 cm = m ,cm
k)	3 570 m = km ,m
2)	A square its perimeter is 32 cm. Find its area.
3)	Find the perimeter and the area of the rectangle whose length is
	5 cm and its width is 2 cm.
	$\widehat{(3d)}$